

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (currently amended) A head-up display containing a plurality of elements optically coupled along an optical path, the display comprising:  
an image source that emits a visible light for generating an image;  
a means for diffusing light that receives the visible light from the ~~laser scanner~~ image source  
to project the transmitted generated image thereon; and  
a ~~substantially transparent~~ holographic element that receives and magnifies for producing a  
~~virtual image from~~ the generated image from the means for diffusing light for producing  
a virtual image therefrom.
2. (currently amended) The display of claim 1, wherein the means for diffusing light provides adjustable gain for the image thereon.
3. (canceled).
4. (currently amended) The display of claim 1, wherein the ~~substantially transparent element~~  
~~is a~~ holographic element configured to be disposed on a windshield of a vehicle, and wherein the  
means for diffusing light is configured in the optical path to project an image from the laser  
scanner to the holographic element which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a  
way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.
5. (original) The display of claim 4, wherein the means for diffusing light a driver's viewing  
angle are related by the Bragg condition for the holographic element.
6. (currently amended) The display of claim 1, wherein the ~~substantially transparent element~~  
~~is a~~ holographic element ~~that~~ incorporates the means for diffusing light and is configured to be  
located below a windshield of a vehicle in the optical path to project an image from the laser  
scanner to the windshield which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a way to  
provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

7. (currently amended) The display of claim 1, wherein the ~~substantially transparent element~~ is a holographic element that incorporates the means for diffusing light and is configured to be disposed on a surface of a windshield of a vehicle, and wherein the holographic element provides reflection at the frequency of the emitted light of the laser scanner to provide a reflected image to an interior of the vehicle.

8. (original) The display of claim 1, further comprising optical elements disposed in the optical path after the means for diffusing light, wherein an exit cone of light from the means for diffusing light is substantially captured by an acceptance angle of the optical elements.

9. (original) The display of claim 1, wherein the laser scanner is configured to pre-distort the generated image to compensate for distortions in the optical path.

10. (original) The display of claim 1, wherein the means for diffusing light is configured in a non-flat shape to compensate for aberrations in the optical path.

11. (currently amended) A head-up display for a vehicle containing a plurality of elements optically coupled along an optical path, the display comprising:  
a laser scanner that emits a raster scan of visible light to generate an image;  
a means for diffusing light placed in an intermediate plane of the optical path that receives the visible light from the laser scanner to project and apply adjustable gain to the image generated thereon; and  
a holographic element for producing a virtual image from the generated image,  
the head-up display being operable to project the image to a driver within the vehicle using a windshield of a vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

12. (original) The display of claim 11, wherein the holographic element is configured to be disposed on a windshield of a vehicle, the holographic element configured to reflect light at the frequency of the light from the laser scanner, and wherein the means for diffusing light is configured in the optical path to project an image from the laser scanner to the holographic element which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

13. (original) The display of claim 12, wherein the holographic element provides magnification for the image thereon so as to reduce a length of the optical path.

14. (original) The display of claim 11, wherein the holographic element incorporates the means for diffusing light and is configured to be located below a windshield of a vehicle in the optical path to magnify and project an image from the laser scanner to the windshield which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

15. (original) The display of claim 11, wherein the holographic element incorporates the means for diffusing light and is configured to be disposed on a surface of a windshield of a vehicle, and wherein the holographic element provides reflection at the frequency of the emitted light of the laser scanner to provide a reflected image to an interior of the vehicle while transmitting light of other frequencies therethrough.

16. (original) The display of claim 11, further comprising optical elements disposed in the optical path after the means for diffusing light, wherein an exit cone of light from the means for diffusing light is substantially captured by an acceptance angle of the optical elements that follow in the optical path.

17. (original) The display of claim 11, wherein the laser scanner is configured to pre-distort the transmitted image to compensate for distortions caused throughout the optical path.

18. (original) A head-up display containing a plurality of elements optically coupled along an optical path for operation using a windshield of a vehicle, the display comprising:  
a laser scanner that emits a raster scan of visible light to generate an image;  
a means for diffusing light placed in an intermediate plane of the optical path that receives the visible light from the laser scanner to project and apply an adjustable gain to the transmitted generated image thereon; and  
a holographic element placed between the laser scanner and a driver of the vehicle, the holographic element receiving and magnifying the image to produce a virtual image therefrom,  
the head-up display being operable to project the image to a driver within the vehicle using a windshield of a vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

19. (original) The display of claim 18, wherein the holographic element is configured to be disposed on a windshield of a vehicle, the holographic element configured to reflect light at the frequency of the light from the scanner, and wherein the means for diffusing light is configured in the optical path to project an image from the laser scanner to the holographic element which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.

20. (original) The display of claim 18, wherein the holographic element incorporates the means for diffusing light and is configured to be located below a windshield of a vehicle in the optical path to magnify and project an image from the laser scanner to the windshield which operates to reflect the image to within the vehicle in a way to provide a virtual image at a predetermined distance ahead of the windshield.